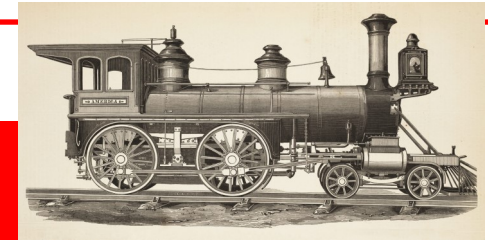


# Scott Primary School—History Knowledge Organiser

## Topic: The Industrial Revolution

## Year 6—Spring 1














### Key Vocabulary

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Industry              | A group of companies that all produce the same thing.  |
| Industrial Revolution | A time of major change in the way products were made.  |
| Invention             | A new thing that someone has made.   |
| Migrate               | Move to a different area to find work or better living conditions.                             |
| Reign                 | To control a country.  |
| Urbanisation          | Refers to the population shift from rural to urban areas.                                      |
| Locomotive            | A locomotive or engine is a rail transport vehicle that provides the motive power for a train. |

### Important Facts

- Queen Victoria reigned for 63 years from 1837 – 1901. Victoria dominated the period synonymous with her long reign.
- This was a period of rapid change and intense pioneering achievements usually referred to as revolutionary
- Major changes took place during this period, including industrialisation, urbanisation, growth of the railways.
- Before the Industrial Revolution, Britain was a rural country. People then began to migrate to the expanding towns attracted by reliable work and pay from the factories.
- People began to realise that coal and steam could be used to power factories, large machines, flour and cotton mills.

### Key Inventions and Dates

|  |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1800s- Railway Network<br>        | 1838- Photography<br>            | 1840- Penny Black Stamp<br>          | 1843- Christmas Cards<br>            |
| 1852- British Pillar Post Box<br> | 1852- Public Flushing Toilet<br> | 1863- London Underground Railway<br> | 1872- The Penny-Farthing Bicycle<br> |
| 1876- Telephone<br>               | 1879- Electric Bulb<br>          | 1885- Petrol Motor Car<br>           | 1895- X-rays<br>                     |

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 1838 | Queen Victoria crowned aged 18.  |
| 1840 | Queen Victoria married Prince Albert.                                    |
| 1842 | Children under 10 can no longer work in underground mines.               |
| 1844 | Children aged 8-13 can no longer work for more than 6.5 hours per day.   |
| 1856 | Each county has to have its own police force.                            |
| 1861 | Prince Albert died of typhoid.   |
| 1864 | Children under 10 can no longer work as chimney sweeps.                  |
| 1870 | Schools are built for children aged 5-10.                                |
| 1872 | The first FA Cup Final takes place.                                      |
| 1880 | The Education Act makes schooling compulsory for all children aged 5-10. |
| 1901 | Queen Victoria dies and Edward VII becomes King.                         |

### Previous Knowledge

Victorian Toys—Year 1

Victorian Schools —Year 2

Beside the Seaside—Year 2

Crime and Punishment in Victorian Britain —